MATHS I

2012-13 Test 5

Find the anti-derivatives of the following functions that pass at the given points.

(a)
$$f(x) = (x+3)^2 + \frac{20e^{5x}}{5 + e^{5x}}$$
; at the point $(0, \ln 6)$

(b)
$$f(x) = \frac{\sin(5x)}{16 + \cos^2(5x)}$$
; at $(\pi/2, 5)$

(c)
$$(1+3x)^4 + e^{5x} + x^4 e^{3x^5}$$
; at $(0,7/3)$

2. Find the anti-derivatives

(a)
$$f(x) = (x+1)e^{2x}$$
.

(b)
$$\frac{e^{2x}}{e^x + e^{3x}}$$
. (Hint: $x = \ln t$)

3. Compute the integrals:

(a)
$$\int_0^{\pi/4} \sin 2x \cos^4 2x \, dx$$
.

(b)
$$\int_0^{+\infty} \frac{x^3}{e^{x^4}} dx$$
.

(c)
$$\int_{-\infty}^{0} \frac{1}{(3x-1)^4} dx$$
.

4. Compute the areas of the following sets:

(a)
$$A = \{(x, y) : 0, 25x^2 \le y \le x\}$$

(b)
$$B = \{(x, y) : x \ge 1 \land -\frac{1}{x^3} \le y \le \frac{1}{x^2}\}$$

5. Compute
(a)
$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{0}^{\sin^2(3x)} t^3 dt$$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\int_0^{x^2} e^{3t} dt}{4x^2}$$